BEGIN — MARCH 15, 1961

A22

AMS BUDGET (500)

NIGHT LEAD COMMONWEALTH

30.24

BY TOM OCHILTREE

LONDON, MARCH 15 (AP)-WITH A STERN WARNING, SOUTH AFRICA DECIDED TONIGHT TO QUIT THE BRITISH COMMONWEALTH.

THE RUPTURE, THREATENING ECONOMIC REPERCUSSIONS IN THE MULTIRACIAL GROUP OF NATIONS, CAME OVER SOUTH AFRICA'S RACIAL SEGREGATION POLICIES.

THE NATION'S WHITE SUPREMIST PRIME MINISTER, HENRIK VERWOERD, WAS QUOTED AS TELLING A COMMONWEALTH CONFERENCE:

"THE PROCEEDINGS AT TODAY'S MEETING WHICH HAVE OBLIGATED ME TO TAKE THIS REGRETTABLE STEP, IN MY OPINION, MARK THE BEGINNING OF THE DISINTEGRATION OF THE COMMONWEALTH."

BLAMING ASIAN-AFRICAN MEMBERS OF THE COMMONWEALTH FOR RAISING THE APARTHEID ISSUE, VERWOERD MENTIONED INDIA, GHANA, MALAYA AND CEYLON.

VERWOERD TOOK THE STEP WHEN THE OTHER MEMBERS INSISTED ON THEIR RIGHT TO DENOUNCE SOUTH AFRICA'S APARTHEID POLICY.

THE DECISION CAME AFTER THREE DAYS OF ARGUMENT BY THE 11 PRIME MINISTERS AND PRESIDENTS BEHIND LOCKED DOORS.

IT WAS A BITTER BLOW TO BRITAIN'S PRIME MINISTER MACMILLAN. AWARE OF THE CONSEQUENCES OF SOUTH AFRICA'S WITHDRAWAL, MACMILLAN HAD TOILED IN AN OUT OF THE CONFERENCE TO GET A FORMULA ACCEPTABLE TO EVERYONE.

BUT THREE LEADERS OF THE OPPOSITION STOOD FIRM--PRIME MINISTERS NEHRU OF INDIA, JOHN DIEFENBAKER OF CANADA AND TONKU ABDUL RAHMAN OF MALAYA.

VOERWOERD, A MILD-MANNERED MAN OF 60, MADE THE ANNOUNCEMENT IN A QUIET WAY AND NO VOICES WERE RAISED FROM ANY SIDE AT THE CLOSED MEETING. INFORMANTS QUOTED VERWOERD AS SAYING:

"THIS FREE ASSOCIATION OF STATES CANNOT HOPE TO SURVIVE IF INSTEAD OF DEVOTING ITSELF TO COOPERATION ON MATTERS OF COMMON CONCERN, COMMONWEALTH PRIME MINISTERS ARE GOING TO CONTINUE THE PRACTICE OF INTERFERING IN EACH OTHER'S DOMESTIC AFFAIRS, AND IF THEIR MEETINGS ARE TO BE MADE THE OCCASION FOR ATTACKS ON FELLOW MEMBERS.

"SUCH PRACTICES HAVE LED TO THE PRESENT UNSATISFACTORY CONDITIONS PREVAILING AT THE UNITED NATIONS AND WILL I VENTURE TO PREDICT, LEAD TO EVENTUAL DISINTEGRATION OF THE COMMONWEALTH WHICH ALL WOULD REGRET.

"IT IS CLEAR THAT IN THE VIEW OF A MAJORITY OF COMMONWEALTH PRIME MINISTERS--AFTER THE LEAD GIVEN BY A GROUP OF AFRO-ASIAN NATIONS--SOUTH AFRICA WILL NO LONGER BE WELCOME IN THE COMMONWEALTH AFTER MAY 31 WHEN SHE BECOMES A REPUBLIC.

"IT IS IRONICAL THAT ALLEGATIONS OF DISCRIMINATION AND OPPRESSION OF NONWHITES IN SOUTH AFRICA HAVE COME FROM PRIME MINISTERS IN WHOSE OWN COUNTRIES OPPRESSION AND DISCRIMINATION ARE OPENLY PRACTICED, AND WHERE BASIC PRINCIPLES OF DEMOCRATIC GOVERNMENT ARE FLOUTED.

"IN THIS CONNECTION I REFER PARTICULARLY TO GHANA, INDIA, MALAYA AND CEYLON."

SOUTH AFRICA'S WITHDRAWAL MEANS THE END OF ITS 30-YEAR MEMBERSHIP IN THE COMMONWEALTH. ITS ASSOCIATION WITH BRITAIN GOES BACK MORE THAN 200 YEARS --- AS SETTLEMENT, COLONY, DOMINION AND FINALLY INDEPENDENT STATE UNDER THE BRITISH CROWN.

ONLY ONCE BEFORE HAS A NATION QUIT THIS UNIQUE INTERNATIONAL ASSOCIATION, GROWING STEADILY AS BRITAIN FREES MORE AND MORE COLONIES OF THE OLD EMPIRE.

IRELAND LEFT IN 1949 BECAUSE OF BITTERNESS ENGENDERED BY ITS STRUGGLE FOR INDEPENDENCE.

TECHNICALLY, VERWOERD SIMPLY WITHDREW SOUTH AFRICA'S APPLICATION TO CONTINUE IN THE COMMONWEALTH AFTER ITS CHANGE OF STATUS MAY 31.

THE COMMONWEALTH CONFERENCE WILL CONTINUE TOMORROW AND VERWOERD WILL SIT IN, AN OFFICIAL SAID. HE ALSO WILL GO TO A RECEPTION THURSDAY THAT QUEEN ELIZABETH II, HEAD OF THE ASSOCIATION THAT VERWOERD IS ABANDONING, IS GIVING FOR THE VISITING STATESMEN.

ONE OF THE PREMIER'S AIDES SAID VERWOERD WAS TRYING HARD TO HIDE HIS SADNESS AT SHEDDING TIES WITH THE COMMONWEALTH.

MEMBERS OF VERWOERD'S GROUP TALKED WITH THE QUEEN AND PRINCE PHILIP AT A PARTY SHE GAVE TONIGHT FOR VISITING DELEGATIONS. BUT A SOUTH AFRICAN SAID THERE WAS A PERVADING GLOOM AND "THE PARTY WAS ANYTHING BUT A SUCCESS."

WITH ITS WITHDRAWAL SOUTH AFRICA STANDS TO LOSE SOME OF THE DIPLOMATIC, DEFENSIVE AND COMMERCIAL ADVANTAGES WHICH THE MEMBERS ENJOY. SOUTH AFRICA SELLS MOST OF ITS FRUIT AND OTHER FARM PRODUCTS TO BRITAIN UNDER THE IMPERIAL PREFERENCE SYSTEM THAT INCLUDES LOW TARIFFS.

BUT THE COMMONWEALTH ITSELF COULD ALSO SUFFER A LOSS. SOUTH AFRICA IS A BIG, PROSPEROUS COUNTRY WITH A POPULATION OF 12.5 MILLION, OF WHOM ONLY ONE SIXTH ARE WHITE.

GOLD MINES IN SOUTH AFRICA PROVIDES BACKING FOR THE STERLING AREA'S CURRENCY. ITS RICH FARMS HELP FEED BRITAIN.

VERWOERD SAID HIS ACTION WAS NECESSARY TO SAVE SOUTH AFRICA'S "NATIONAL PRIDE AND SELF RESPECT." HE INSISTED THROUGHOUT THAT SOUTH AFRICA'S RACIAL POLICIES WERE AN INTERNAL AFFAIR.

THE COMMONWEALTH IN ITS PRESENT STRUCTURE WAS THE OUTGROWTH OF AN IMPERIAL CONFERENCE IN 1926. IT DEFINED BRITAIN AND THE DOMINIONS, AS THEY WERE THEN CALLED, AS "AUTONOMOUS COMMUNITIES WITHIN THE BRITISH EMPIRE, EQUAL IN STATUS, IN NO WAY SUBORDINATE ONE TO ANOTHER IN ANY ASPECT OF THEIR DOMESTIC OR FOREIGN AFFAIRS, THOUGH UNITED BY A COMMON ALLEGIANCE TO THE CROWN, AND FREELY ASSOCIATED AS MEMBERS OF THE BRITISH COMMONWEALTH OF NATIONS."

BEFORE VERWOERD WALKED OUT THE COMMONWEALTH WAS MADE UP OF 13 NATIONS WITH 679 MILLION PEOPLE AND A TOTAL AREA OF 12 MILLION SQUARE MILES EMBRACING ALMOST EVERY CLIMATE, RACE AND CREED.

THE OTHER MEMBERS OF THE COMMONWEALTH WERE WILLING TO KEEP SOUTH AFRICA IN SO LONG AS IT WAS MADE CLEAR TO THE WORLD THAT THEY WANTED NO PART OF ITS RACIAL SEGREGATION SYSTEM. EFFORTS TO FIND A COMPROMISE FAILED.

AN OFFICIAL STATEMENT SAID VERWOERD ACTED IN THE LIGHT OF VIEWS EXPRESSED BY "OTHER MEMBER GOVERNMENTS AND THE INDICATIONS OF THEIR FUTURE INTENTIONS REGARDING THE RACIAL POLICY" OF SOUTH AFRICA.

MACMILLAN WAS SUPPORTED IN HIS PEACE EFFORTS BY AUSTRALIA'S ROBERT GORDON MENZIES AND NEW ZEALAND'S KEITH HOLYOAKE. BUT EVEN THESE THREE WERE FORTHRIGHT IN THEIR CRITICISMS OF WHITE SUPREMACY MEASURES OPERATING IN VERWOERD'S COUNTRY.

MACMILLAN IS EXPECTED TO MAKE A STATEMENT IN THE HOUSE OF COMMONS TOMORROW ON THE WITHDRAWAL. IT WAS UNDERSTOOD THE BRITISH GOVERNMENT INTENDS TO TAKE A CAREFUL LOOK AT TRADE AND DEFENSE PROBLEMS IN THE LIGHT OF THIS DEVELOPMENT.

THE DAY THAT ENDED WITH THE DECISION OF ONE MEMBER TO WITHDRAW BEGAN WITH THE SEATING OF A NEW MEMBER.

ARCHBISHOP MAKARIOS, BEARDED PRESIDENT OF THE CYPRUS REPUBLIC, TOOK HIS SEAT AT THE TABLE FOR THE FIRST TIME THIS MORNING BUT DID NOT TAKE PART IN THE SOUTH AFRICAN DEBATE.

JB610PES

A62 (400 UP)

COMMONWEALTH REACTION (ROUNDUP)

BY RICHARD KASISCHKE

JOHANNESBURG, SOUTH AFRICA, MARCH 15 (AP)-SHOCK, EXCITEMENT AND SOME DISMAY SWEPT SOUTH AFRICA TODAY AT THE NEWS THAT PRIME MINISTER HENDRIK VERWOERD DECIDED TO QUIT THE BRITISH COMMONWEALTH.

TELEPHONE CALLS FROM PEOPLE SEEKING CONFIRMATION OF THE NEWS JAMMED THE SWITCHBOARDS OF NEWSPAPERS AND RADIO STATIONS.

MANY CALLERS EXPRESSED A FEELING OF DEPRESSION AND FEAR THAT SOUTH AFRICA WILL BE MORE AND MORE ISOLATED AT THE TIP OF THIS TURBULENT CONTINENT AND IN A DIVIDED WORLD.

MANY CUSTOMERS IN PUBS COULD NOT BELIEVE THE NEWS, AND AT A LATE HOUR WERE STILL WAGERING THAT SOUTH AFRICA WAS STILL IN THE COMMONWEALTH.

THE SOUTH AFRICAN PRESS ASSOCIATION SAID THE REACTION IN PARLIAMENT "APPEARED TO BE ONE OF SURPRISE."

MOST AUTHORITATIVE SOUTH AFRICANS REFUSED TO COMMENT UNTIL THEY LEARN MORE ABOUT VERWOERD'S REASONS.

THE STATE-CONTROLLED SOUTH AFRICAN RADIO EXPLAINED THAT VERWOERD WITHDREW THE COUNTRY'S APPLICATION FOR COMMONWEALTH MEMBERSHIP AS A REPUBLIC BECAUSE OTHER MEMBERS OPPOSED HIS POLICY OF "SELF DEVELOPMENT." THIS IS THE CURRENT TERM FOR THE GOVERNMENT'S RACIAL SEPARATION POLICY.

"SINCE WE ARE SUCH AN EMBARRASSMENT TO BRITAIN IT IS PERHAPS BETTER WE ARE OUT" SAID ONE SOUTH AFRICAN, THE WIFE OF AN EXECUTIVE OF A LARGE NEWSPAPER.

COLIN ANDERSON, PRESIDENT OF THE POWERFUL CHAMBER OF MINES AND ONE OF THE FEW LEADERS TO COMMENT IMMEDIATELY, SAID "I AM VERY SORRY ABOUT THIS, VERY SORRY INDEED."

DAVE MARAIS, MAYOR OF JOHANNESBURG, SAID HE WAS VERY DISAPPOINTED AND ADDED, "THIS NEWS IS DISTURBING."

MANY WESTERN OBSERVERS SAID THEY BELIEVED IT WILL BE ONLY A MATTER OF TIME BEFORE SOUTH AFRICA WALKS OUT OF THE UNITED NATIONS, TOO, IN PROTEST AGAINST WHAT IT FEELS IS AN OVER-WEIGHTED NONWHITE VOTE. SOUTH AFRICA LONG HAS BEEN AT ODDS WITH THE UNITED NATIONS OVER RACE QUESTIONS AND THE ADMINISTRATION OF SOUTHWEST AFRICA.

THE PRESS ASSOCIATION SAID ONE RESULT MAY BE THAT VERWOERD WILL SEEK A GENERAL ELECTION WITHIN TWO MONTHS. A GENERAL ELECTION IS NOT DUE UNTIL 1963, BUT THERE HAS BEEN A SUSPICION THAT IF VERWOERD RETURNED WITH COMMONWEALTH MEMBERSHIP INTACT HE WOULD SEEK A NEW FIVE-YEAR MANDATE FOR HIS PARTY WHILE HIS TRIUMPH WAS FRESH.

BUT THE PRESS ASSOCIATION SAID HE WOULD CALL A NEW ELECTION QUICKLY TO "SEEK CONFIRMATION" OF RESULTS OF THE REFERENDUM LAST OCTOBER IN WHICH SOUTH AFRICA VOTED TO BECOME A REPUBLIC.

SIR DAVID DE VILLIERS GRAAFF, LEADER OF THE OPPOSITION UNITED PARTY, CHALLENGED VERWOERD TO HOLD A REFERENDUM.

HE SAID IF VERWOERD "WISHES TO PROCEED TO TAKE SOUTH AFRICA OUT OF THE COMMONWEALTH INTO THE WILDERNESS HE SHOULD SUBMIT HIS PROPOSED ACTION TO THE JUDGMENT OF THE PEOPLE AT A REFERENDUM. I CHALLENGE HIM TO DO THIS."

HARRY LAWRENCE, LEADER OF THE PROGRESSIVE PARTY SAID VERWOERD'S DECISION WILL "BE A MAJOR DISASTER FOR OUR COUNTRY IF THAT IS THE END OF THE STORY."

THE COUNTRY'S THREE MILLION WHITES ARE SHARPLY DIVIDED ON THE STRICTNESS OF THE NATIONALIST GOVERNMENT'S RACIAL MEASURES, BUT THERE HAS BEEN NO DIFFERENCE OF OPINION OVER THE DESIRABILITY OF REMAINING IN THE COMMONWEALTH.

VERWOERD HAD REPEATEDLY WARNED, HOWEVER, THAT HE WOULD BROOK NO INTERFERENCE FROM OTHER COMMONWEALTH MEMBERS IN WHAT HE REGARDS AS DOMESTIC AFFAIRS, AND IN THAT TOO HE APPARENTLY HAS THE SUPPORT OF A MAJORITY OF WHITES.

SPEAKING BEFORE VERWOERD'S WALKOUT, FINANCE MINISTER BEN DONGES TOLD PARLIAMENT SOUTH AFRICA'S SEVERANCE OF TIES WITH THE COMMONWEALTH WOULD NOT MEAN THE AUTOMATIC END OF PREFERENTIAL TRADE AGREEMENTS WITH BRITAIN. THIS WAS A CONTRACTUAL BILATERAL AGREEMENT, HE SAID, CONTAINING BENEFITS FOR BOTH SIDES.

SOUTH AFRICA'S MEMBERSHIP IN THE STERLING BLOC ALSO HAD NOTHING TO DO WITH COMMONWEALTH MEMBERSHIP, HE SAID.

DAR ES SALAAM, TANGANYIKA, MARCH 15 (AP)-THE STAND TAKEN BY BRITISH COMMONWEALTH LEADERS THAT RESULTED IN SOUTH AFRICA'S WITHDRAWAL WAS APPLAUDED TONIGHT IN THIS BRITISH-ADMINISTERED U.N. TRUST TERRITORY IN EAST AFRICA.

TANGANYIKA IS SLATED FOR FULL INDEPENDENCE IN THE NEAR FUTURE, BUT THERE HAVE BEEN HINTS THAT IT MIGHT NOT SEEK ADMISSION TO THE COMMONWEALTH IF SOUTH AFRICA REMAINED A MEMBER.

"I AM VERY HAPPY THAT TANGANYIKA'S FUTURE IS WITH THE COMMONWEALTH," CHIEF MINISTER JULIUS K.NYERERE SAID TONIGHT.

"TODAY'S DECISION MEANS THAT THE COMMONWEALTH HAS SURVIVED ITS GREATEST CRISIS."

--DASH--

KINGSTON, JAMAICA, MARCH 15 (AP)-THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES CHEERED JAMAICAN PREMIER NORMAN MANLEY'S ANNOUNCEMENT TODAY THAT SOUTH AFRICA HAS DECIDED TO WITHDRAW FROM THE BRITISH COMMONWEALTH. MANLEY CABLED CONGRATULATIONS TO BRITISH PRIME MINISTER MACMILLAN.

JAMAICA IS A MEMBER OF BRITAIN'S WEST INDIES FEDERATION, WHICH WAS CONSTITUTED IN 1958 AS A STEP TOWARD INDEPENDENCE AND COMMONWEALTH MEMBERSHIP.

--DASH--

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., MARCH 15 (AP)-DELEGATES FROM ASIA AND AFRICA TODAY DESCRIBED AS INEVITABLE SOUTH AFRICA'S DECISION TO PULL OUT OF THE BRITISH COMMONWEALTH.

REACTION IN THE U.N. CORRIDORS RANGED FROM REGRET TO OUTRIGHT REJOICING.

"HOORAY, THIS IS GOOD NEWS," DECLARED JAJA WACHUKU OF NIGERIA. "WHERE CAN SOUTH AFRICA GO NOW, EXCEPT TO THE MOON?"

C. S. JHA OF INDIA SAID THE UNION GOVERNMENT'S ACTION WAS REGRETTABLE BUT THAT IT WAS BOUND TO HAPPEN.

SOUTH AFRICA, JHA DECLARED, HAD CONTRIBUTED LITTLE RECENTLY TO THE COMMONWEALTH. HER WITHDRAWAL, HE ADDED, MIGHT IN THE LONG RUN STRENGTHEN THE GROUP OF NATIONS.

LONDON, MARCH 15 (AP)-FIRST REACTION IN BRITAIN TONIGHT WAS THAT THE WITHDRAWAL OF SOUTH AFRICA FROM THE COMMONWEALTH MAY PROVE A GOOD THING IN THE LONG RUN.

"BY THE LOSS OF SOUTH AFRICA THE COMMONWEALTH HAS GAINED IN STRENGTH," DECLARED THE DAILY HERALD, WHICH SUPPORTS THE LABOR PARTY.

"HAD SHE REMAINED THE COMMONWEALTH COULD HAVE BEEN CRIPPLED AND DISTORTED.

"A NEW COMMONWEALTH EMERGES. IT IS NOW CLEARLY A MULTI-RACIAL ASSOCIATION, AN ASSOCIATION BASED ON CLEAR PRINCIPLES."

HUGH GAITSKELL, THE LABOR PARTY LEADER, TOLD A POLITICAL RALLY AT SCARBOROUGH HE WOULD HAVE PREFERRED TO SEE SOUTH AFRICA ALTER ITS RACIAL POLICIES AND STAY WITHIN THE COMMONWEALTH BUT HE ADDED:

"IF THAT SOLUTION WAS NOT POSSIBLE . . . I CANNOT SAY MYSELF THAT I REGRET IN ANY WAY THE DECISION WHICH HAS NOW BEEN REACHED."

PAUL ROSE, A MEMBER OF THE LIBERAL PARTY EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE, CALLED SOUTH AFRICA'S EXIT "A TRIUMPH FOR THOSE PRIME MINISTERS WHO PLACED BELIEF IN HUMAN RIGHTS ABOVE EXPEDIENCY."

A SPOKESMAN FOR THE BRITISH ANTI-APARTHEID MOVEMENT, SAID "WE HOPE THAT SOON SOUTH AFRICA WILL BE BACK IN THE COMMONWEALTH--BUT THIS TIME WITH A REPRESENTATIVE GOVERNMENT."

JAMES CALLAGHAN, THE LABOR PARTY'S EXPERT ON COLONIAL AFFAIRS, DECLARED MILLIONS IN SOUTH AFRICA WILL NOW INTENSIFY THEIR STRUGGLE AGAINST APARTHEID.

"IT IS IMPOSSIBLE TO PREDICT WHAT THE IMMEDIATE RESULTS OF THIS DECISION MAY BE IN SOUTH AFRICA. BUT WHATEVER HAPPENS THOSE OF ALL RACES IN SOUTH AFRICA. WHO ARE STRIVING TO SECURE ORDINARY HUMAN

RIGHTS FOR ALL, KNOW NOW THAT THEY HAVE THE ACTIVE SUPPORT IN THEIR STRUGGLE OF MILLIONS OF PEOPLE OUTSIDE SOUTH AFRICA."

A48

COMMONWEALTH (130)

LONDON, MARCH 15 (AP)-THE BRITISH COMMONWEALTH FROM WHICH SOUTH AFRICA IS SECEDING WAS, IRONICALLY, THE CONCEPTION OF A SOUTH AFRICAN LEADER, THE LATE JAN CHRISTIAAN SMUTS.

SMUTS HAD FOUGHT WHOLE-HEARTEDLY AGAINST THE BRITISH IN THE BOER WAR AT THE TURN OF THE CENTURY BUT AFTERWARD LED THE WAY TO PEACE AND UNION WITH THE VICTORIOUS BRITISH.

LATER AS A POLITICIAN-GENERAL WHO LED SOUTH AFRICAN FORCES IN WORLD WAR I, SMUTS OUTLINED THE IDEA OF THE COMMONWEALTH AT A LONDON PARLIAMENTARY DINNER IN 1917.

SMUTS WAS REPRESENTING SOUTH AFRICA AT AN IMPERIAL WAR CONFERENCE AT THE TIME. HIS IDEA WAS EMBODIED IN A CONFERENCE RESOLUTION URGING RECOGNITION OF THE BRITISH DOMINIONS AS "AUTONOMOUS NATIONS OF AN IMPERIAL COMMONWEALTH."

AS A FIELD MARSHAL AND PRIME MINISTER OF SOUTH AFRICA, SMUTS WAS A MEMBER OF WINSTON CHURCHILL'S IMPERIAL WAR COUNCIL IN WORLD WAR II WHEN SOUTH AFRICANS PLAYED A MAJOR ROLE IN THE RECONQUEST OF ETHIOPIA AND FOUGHT IN THE WESTERN DESERT AGAINST THE NAZI ROMMEL.

WHEN SMUTS DIED IN 1950 AFTER MORE THAN A HALF CENTURY OF LEADERSHIP, MANY PREDICTED THAT AFRIKANER DAYS IN THE COMMONWEALTH WERE NUMBERED.

SMUTS ALREADY HAD BEEN DRIVEN FROM THE PREMIERSHIP BY THE FIRST OF THE POSTWAR ARRAY OF NATIONALIST, WHITE SUPREMACY PREMIERS-- DR. DANIEL F. MALAN. IN WORLD WAR II, MALAN AS OPPOSITION LEADER HAD ALL BUT DEFEATED THE PARLIAMENTARY MOTION THAT PUT SOUTH AFRICA INTO THE WAR ALLIANCE AGAINST THE AXIS POWERS AND HE CAMPAIGNED OPENLY IN BEHALF OF THE NAZIS. SMUTS REFUSED TO JAIL MALAN FOR SEDITION, EVEN THOUGH MALAN'S UTTERANCES WERE WIDELY ECHOED BY NATIONALISTS.

LIKE HITLER, MALAN WAS A RACE SUPREMICIST. THE NATIONALIST OPPRESSION OF THE NON-WHITES WAS CARRIED ON, AFTER MALAN'S RETIREMENT AND DEATH, BY PRIME MINISTER J.G. STRIJDOM, AND AFTER STRIJDOM'S DEATH BY THE INCUMBENT HENDRIK VERWOERD, WHO HAD BEEN MINISTER OF NATIVE AFFAIRS.

IN ANSWER TO FOREIGN CRITICS, SOUTH AFRICAN NATIONALISTS OFTEN POINTED OUT THEIR SEGREGATION (APARTHEID) MEASURES WERE LITTLE IF ANY DIFFERENT FROM THE TREATMENT OF NEGROES IN THE UNITED STATES AND UNTOUCHABLES IN INDIA.

THE DIFFERENCE IS, OF COURSE, THAT SEGREGATION AND MALTREATMENT IN THOSE COUNTRIES IS AGAINST FEDERAL LAW AND POLICY; IN SOUTH AFRICA APARTHEID WITH VARIETIES OF HARSHNESS FOR THOSE OF NEGRO, ASIAN AND MIXED ORIGIN WAS THE LAW-- CALLED THE COLOR BARS.

NATIONALIST SOUTH AFRICA FEARS THE MAJORITY NON-WHITES WOULD RULE THE COUNTRY. IN THE 1959 ESTIMATED TOTAL POPULATION OF 14,673,000 THERE WERE ONLY 3,067,000 LISTED AS WHITES. OTHERS WERE: NATIVE 9,751,000, COLORED (MIXED) 1,406,000, ASIAN 450,000.

RACIAL SUPREMACY RULE PLUS GREAT NATURAL RESOURCES AND ABUNDANT CHEAP LABOR HAVE MADE SOUTH AFRICA VIABLE IN FOREIGN TRADE AND A FAVORED MONOPOLY POWER IN PRODUCTION OF DIAMONDS AND GOLD. THE LOW GRADE GOLD ORE OF THE REEF RUNNING THROUGH THE BOWELS OF JOHANNESBURG ITSELF CAN BE MINED BECAUSE BLACK LABOR IS LOW PAID.

IT IS SIGNIFICANT, PWERHAPS, THAT THE POWERFUL CHAMBER OF MINES, THE OPPENHEIMER MINING DYNASTY AND THE REST OF THE RICH BUSINESS COMMUNITY OF JOHANNESBURG HAVE VIGOROUSLY OPPOSED THE COURSE OF THE VERWOERD GOVERNMENT THAT NOW LEADS TO DEPARTURE FROM THE COMMONWEALTH.

THEIR PRONOUNCEMENTS HAVE BECOME MORE ACUTE IN THE YEAR SINCE THE SHARPEVILLE MASSACRE OF NEGROES BY AFRIKANER POLICE AND ITS SUBSEQUENT VIOLENCE.

THE TREND OF RECENT HISTORY ON THE RACE QUESTION IN SOUTH AFRICA WAS SET OFF BY A NON-VIOLENT LITTLE BROWN MAN, WHOSE BIG NICHE IN HISTORY BEARS THE INSCRIPTION OF THE ONE WHO FREED 400 MILLION PEOPLE FROM IMPERIAL RULE IN INDIA-- MOHANDAS K. GANDHI.

HE HAPPENED TO GO TO SOUTH AFRICA AS A YOUNG LAWYER AND STAYED 21 YEARS, 1893-1914, AFTER HAVING GOT MIXED UP IN MALTREATMENT OF INDIANS WHO HAD BEEN SHIPPED TO SOUTH AFRICA AS INDENTURED LABOR AND REFUSED TO GO HOME AFTER WORKING OFF THEIR PASSAGE AND USEFULNESS. GANDHI BECAME A TARGET OF DISCRIMINATION IN PUBLIC CONVEYANCES AND HE ORGANIZED COMMUNITIES TO FIGHT AGAINST INEQUITIES.

ONE OF GANDHI'S MAIN ADVERSARIES WAS JAN CHRISTIAAN SMUTS, WHO IN THE END MADE PEACE AND PRAISED GANDHI FOR HIS NON-VIOLENT PERSISTENT WAY OF GETTING HIS WAY.

THE DEEP IMPRESSION GANDHI MADE ON SMUTS AND ITS EFFECT ON SMUTS' CHARACTER PROBABLY HELPED LEAD TO SMUTS' EVENTUAL DEFEAT BY THE NATIONALISTS.

SMUTS TRIED TO INTERCEDE FOR HUMAN RIGHTS FOR NON-WHITES, AND THE NATIONALISTS FINALLY DEFEATED HIM WITH THE RACISM ESPOUSED BY DR. MALAN.

WHEN GANDHI AWAKENED THE ASIAN WILL TO ASSERT THE CLAIM TO HUMAN RIGHTS, SOUTH AFRICAN NEGROES WERE A SLUMBERING, UNTAPPED MASS. AROUSED AND ASSERTIVE NOW, THEIR FUTURE IN A SOUTH AFRICAN REPUBLIC ISOLATED FROM OLD TIES BECOMES A QUESTION RISING BESIDE THE TURBULENCE OF THE CONGO, THE RHODESIAS, NYASALAND, PORTUGUESE ANGOLA AND MOZAMBIQUE, AND ALL AFRICA.

TH1130PES

A81

COMMONWEALTH

LONDON, MARCH 15 (AP)-WITHOUT SOUTH AFRICA AFTER MAY 31, THE COMMONWEALTH WILL CONSIST OF: BRITAIN, AUSTRALIA, NEW ZEALAND, INDIA, PAKISTAN, CEYLON, CYPRUS, MALAYA, GHANA, NIGERIA, CANADA AND THE CENTRAL AFRICAN FEDERATION (THE RHODESIAS AND NYASALAND). AMONG EMERGING NATIONS NOMINALLY HEADED FOR MEMBERSHIP ARE THE WEST INDIES FEDERATION, THE BRITISH-ADMINISTERED TANGANYIKA TRUST TERRITORY, KENYA AND UGANDA.

MF806PES

1961

D33

(190)

CAPETOWN, MARCH 15 (AP)-SOUTH AFRICA IS PREPARED TO SMASH ANY NEW RACIAL OR POLITICAL UNREST IN ORDER TO SAFEGUARD ITS ECONOMY, FINANCE MINISTER THEOPHILUS DONGES DECLARED TODAY.

HE ALSO TOLD PARLIAMENT THE NATION'S ECONOMY SHOWED "SPARKLING HEALTH AND EXCEPTIONAL VITALITY," ALTHOUGH SUFFERING FROM CONTINUED WITHDRAWAL OF FOREIGN CAPITAL.

PRESENTING HIS FIRST BUDGET, AND THE FIRST TO SERVE THE NEW REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA TO BE PROCLAIMED MAY 31, DONGES SAID THE CONTINUED OUTFLOW OF CAPITAL WAS CAUSED BY "FEARS THAT OCCURRENCES IN SOUTH AFRICA AS WELL AS IN OTHER AFRICAN TERRITORIES, WOULD JEOPARDIZE THEIR (FOREIGN INVESTORS) INVESTMENTS X X X X."

HE ATTRIBUTED THE GOOD ECONOMIC HEALTH TO STRONG GOLD PRODUCTION AND THE FACT THAT SOUTH AFRICANS ARE BUYING MANY SHARES WHICH FOREIGN INVESTORS ARE UNLOADING.

HOWEVER, DONGES REPORTED THAT DURING 1960 SOUTH AFRICA'S GOLD AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE HOLDINGS DECLINED BY 66 MILLION POUNDS ($184.8 MILLION) AS AGAINST A RISE OF 40 MILLION POUNDS ($112 MILLION) THE YEAR PREVIOUS.

HE SAID THE DECLINE WAS CAUSED CHIEFLY BY AN INCREASE IN IMPORTS AND A HUGE OUTFLOW OF CAPITAL WHICH AMOUNTED TO 81 MILLION POUNDS ($226.8 MILLION) LAST YEAR--MORE THAN DOUBLE THAT IN 1959.

B1151AES

B16
-ALL POINTS-
NIGHT LEAD SPY (300)
BY HAL R. COOPER

LONDON, MARCH 15 (AP)-A ROYAL NAVY RADIO EXPERT TESTIFIED TODAY A HIGH-SPEED RADIO TRANSMITTER ALLEGEDLY USED TO SENT STOLEN NAVAL SECRETS TO MOSCOW WAS DESIGNED TO MAKET DETECTION DIFFICULT.

THE EXPERT, JAMES J. ADAM, TESTIFIED IN OLD BAILEY COURT AT THE TRIAL OF THREE MEN AND TWO WOMEN ACCUSED OF STEALING SECRETS FROM THE PORTLAND NAVAL RESEARCH STATION.

ADAMS SAID THE RADIO, FOUND BENEATH A TRAP DOOR IN THE KITCHEN OF A HOME OCCUPIED BY TWO DEFENDANTS, COULD BE OPERATED AUTOMATICALLY BY MEANS OF A PERFORATED TAPE AT THE RATE OF 240 WORDS A MINUTE.

"THAT MEANT THAT YOU WERE ON THE AIR FOR A VERY BRIEF TIME, LESSENING THE CHANCES OF DETECTION," HE SAID.

ADAMS SAID THE RADIO WAS CAPABLE OF BEAMING MESSAGES TO MOSCOW "AND EVEN BEYOND."

THE PROSECUTION SAYS THE HOME. A MODEST-APPEARING COTTAGE IN SUBURBAN RUISLIP, WAS HEADQUARTERS FOR THE SPY RING. IT WAS OCCUPIED PETER J. KROGER, 50, AND HIS WIFE, HELEN. THE FBI SAYS THE KROGERS ACTUALLY ARE AMERICANS--MORRIS AND LOLA COHEN, FORMERLY OF NEW YORK.

ON TRIAL WITH THEM ARE HENRY F. HOUGHTON, 55, AND HIS FIANCEE, MISS ETHEL GEE, 46, BOTH FORMER EMPLOYES OF THE TOP-SECRET RESEARCH STATION, AND GORDON A. LONSDALE.

ETECTIVE MICHAEL HOLBROOKE-BOWERS TESTIFIED HE SEARCHED THE RUISLIP COTTAGE A MONTH AFTER BRITISH INTELLIGENCE AGENTS GAVE IT A GOING-OVER AND FOUND $4,000 AND TWO CANADIAN PASSPORTS THEY HAD MISSED.

HOLBROOKE-BOWERS SAID THE CASH WAS HIDDEN IN A PAIR OF HOLLOW BOOKENDS AND THE PASSPORTS IN THE LINING OF A LEATHER WRITING CASE.

THE DETECTIVE DID NOT DISCLOSE WHO SENT HIM ON HIS SEARCH MISSION BUT SAID HE TURNED THE MONEY OVER TO AN ATTORNEY REPRESENTING LONSDALE.

THE PASSPORTS, MADE OUT IN THE NAMES OF THOMAS JAMES WILSON AND MISS MARY JANE SMITH, WERE TURNED OVER TO POLICE, HE SAID.

THE PROSECUTION CHARGES HOUGHTON AND MISS GEE STOLE THE SECRETS, INCLUDING NUCLEAR SUBMARINE PLANS FURNISHED TO THE ROYAL NAVY BY THE UNITED STATES, AND GAVE THEM TO LONSDALE. HE IS CHARGED WITH CARRYING THEM TO THE KROGERS FOR RADIO TRANSMISSION. ALL HAVE PLEADED INNOCENT.

MR416PES

A79UN'

U R G E N T

PRECEDE WASHINGTON NIGHT LEAD DISARMAMENT A8
BY WILLIAM N. OATIS

UNITED NATIONS, N. Y., MARCH 15 (AP)-ADLAI E. STEVENSON SAID TONIGHT HE THOUGHT THE UNITED STATES AND THE SOVIET UNION HAD "GENERALL REACHED AGREEMENT AS TO THE TIME" TO RESUME DISARMAMENT NEGOTIATIONS. BUT HE ADDED THAT OTHER DETAILS REMAINED TO BE SETTLED.

STEVENSON, CHIEF U. S. DELEGATE TO THE UNITED NATIONS HAD AN HOUR'S PRIVATE TALK WITH SOVIET FOREIGN MINISTER ANDREI A. GROMYKO TODAY AT THE SOVIET U. N. MISSION ON PARK AVEM

STEVENSON DECLINED TO TELL REPORTERS WHAT TIME HAD BEEN AGREED UPON TO RESUME NEGOTIATIONS DEADLOCKED SINCE LAST JUNE.

BUT OTHER DIPLOMATS IN A POSITION TO KNOW SAID IT WAS AUG. 1. PRESIDENT KENNEDY TOLD HIS WASHINGTON NEWS CONFERENCE THE UNITED STATES HAD OFFERED TO START NEGOTIATING IN "AUGUST AT THE LATEST."

STEVENSON, WHO NOW HAS CALLED ON GROMYKO THREE TIMES WITHIN 10 DAYS, SAID HE MADE TENTATIVE ARRANGEMENTS FOR ANTOER MEETING FRIDAY--AND INDICATED THIS WOULD BE AT ~~U.S.~~ DELEGATION HEADQUARTERS.

HE SAID THAT STILL TO BE SETTLED WERE (1) THE MAKEUP OF THE NEW NEGOTIATING BODY AND (2) SOME PRINCIPLES FOR DISARMEMENT TO BE APPROVED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY AT ITS CURRENT RESUMED SESSION.

STEVENSON SPOKE TO CORRESPONDENTS AFTER A MEETING OF THE SECURITY COUNCIL AT WHICH HE PRESIDED AND VOTED FOR AN AFRICAN-ASIAN RESOLUTION TO INVESTIGATE DISORDER IN ANGOLA.

AT HIS NEWS CONFERENCE, KENNEDY SAID THE UNITED STATES HAD SPEEDED UP ITS TIMETABLE FOR REVIVING THE DISARMAMENT TALKS AFTER SOVIET PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV COMPALINED THAT THE U. S. GOVERNMENT WAS STALLING.

STEVENSON SAID IT WOULD BE ALL RIGHT WITH THE UNITED STATES IF THE ASSEMBLY PASSED A RESOLUTION SETTING FORTH SOME BASIC PRINCIPLES FOR DISARMAMENT AS WELL AS THE TIME AND PLACE FOR THE NEW NEGOTIATIONS AND THE COMPOSITION OF THE NEGOTIATING COMMITTEE.

HE DECLINED TO GO INTO DETAIL ON THE PRINCIPLES. BUT HE SAID THAT AS TO THE SIZE OF THE COMMITTEE, THE UNITED STATES WAS TALKING OF 10 MEMBERS AND THE SOVIET UNION OF 15.

THE SOVIET UNION, ACCUSING THE WEST OF BAD FAITH, WALKED OUT LAST JUNE 27 ON A 10-NATION EAST-WEST DISARMAMENT COMMITTEE THAT HAD BEEN NEGOTIATING IN GENEVA SINCE MID-MARCH. LATER IT ASKED THAT FIVE UNCOMMITTED COUNTRIES BE ADDED TO THE COMMITTEE--IGNORING THE U.S. DEMAND THAT THE OLD COMMITTEE GO BACK TO WORK AT ONCE.

DIPLOMATS FOLLOWING THE TALKS BETWEEN GROMYKO AND STEVENSON EXPRESSED BELIEF THAT THEY MIGHT SETTLE FINALLY ON A NEW COMMITTEE MADE UP OF THE ORIGINAL 10 PLUS MEXICO AS CHAIRMAN AND INDIA AS COMMITTEE REPORTER, WITH BOTH MEXICO AND INDIA HOLDING NEGOTIATING POWER.

THE ORIGINAL 10 WERE BRITAIN, CANADA, FRANCE, ITALY AND THE UNITED STATES ON ONE SIDE AND BULGARIA, CZECHOSLOVAKIA, POLAND, ROMANIA AND THE SOVIET UNION ON THE OTHER.

THE ORIGINAL KENNEDY ADMINISTRATION PROPOSAL FOR RENEWING DISARMAMENT TALKS WHICH BROKE UP IN THE AFTERMATH OF THE U2 INCIDENT LAST SPRING CALLED FOR A RESUMPTION SEPT. 11, U.S. SOURCES SAID.

KENNEDY WANTED THE TIME TO ALLOW A REVIEW BY HIS DISARMAMENT ADVISERS HEADED BY JOHN J. MCCLOY.

"NOW WE HAVE SUGGESTED AUGUST AT THE LATEST," KENNEDY TOLD A NEWS CONFERENCE.

WITH THE U.S. NEGOTIATIONS ON A TREATY TO OUTLAW ATOMIC WEAPONS TESTS LEAVING TODAY FOR RESUMPTION OF THAT PARLEY IN GENEVA, KENNEDY SAID MCCLOY IS NOW "WORKING FULL TIME ON DEVELOPING AN AMERICAN POSITION ON DISARMAMENT. . . WE ARE GOING TO CONCENTRATE OUR ATTENTION ON DISARMAMENT NOW."

"WE HOPE PROGRESS CAN BE MADE," HE ADDED, "AND WE WILL--I WILL CONSIDER WHAT USEFULLY COULD BE DONE TO ADVANCE PROGRESS."

KHRUSHCHEV WAS SAID TO HAVE CHARGED DURING A TALK IN SIBERIA LAST WEEK WITH U.S. AMBASSADOR LLEWELLYN THOMPSON THAT THE UNITED STATES WAS FOOTDRAGGING ON DISARMAMENT.

KHRUSHCHEV'S DISPLEASURE WAS MADE KNOWN ALSO THROUGH SOVIET FOREIGN MINISTER ANDREI GROMYKO WHO HAS BEEN SEEING U.S. AMBASSADOR ADLAI E. STEVENSON AT THE UNITED NATIONS IN NEW YORK.

THE SOVIETS HAVE BEEN PUSHING FOR DEBATE ON DISARMAMENT PRINCIPLES AT THE U.N. GENERAL ASSEMBLY MEETING. THE UNITED STATES CONTENDS THAT PROSPECTS FOR GENUINE PROGRESS ARE BETTER AT A SMALLER PARLEY.

KENNEDY SAID HE HIMSELF HAS NO PLANS TO ATTEND THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY MEETING.

KENNEDY SAID THE UNITED STATES HAS TOLD THE RUSSIANS "WE WILL BE PREPARED TO RESUME EITHER THE 10-NATIONS CONFERENCE OR SOME OTHER SIMILAR CONFERENCE STRUCTURE."

THE 10-NATIONS MEETING--COMPOSED OF THE UNITED STATES AND FOUR OTHER WESTERN POWERS AND THE SOVIET UNION PLUS FOUR SOVIET BLOC COUNTRIES, WAS THE DISARMAMENT FORUM LAST YEAR. IT ENDED ABRUPTLY WHEN THE RUSSIANS WALKED OUT AFTER THE U2 SPY PLANE INCIDENT.

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WE WILL DO WHAT WE HAVE TO DO TO REMAIN A PARTNER," HE SAID.
A QUESTIONER ASKED WHO WAS RESPONSIBLE FOR THE DIVISION OF HIS HOMELAND.
"I MUST CONFESS THAT IT'S OUR OWN FAULT," BRANDT REPLIED. "IF, IN 1945, THE NAZI POLITICIANS HAD NOT BROUGHT THE RUSSIANS INTO EUROPE CONDITIONS WOULD BE DIFFERENT."
ASKED WHETHER WEST GERMANY WOULD FIGHT IF THE COMMUNISTS ACTED AGAINST IT, THE MAYOR SAID, "YES, BUT WE HOPE WE WILL NOT HAVE TO GO THROUGH SUCH A SACRIFICE AGAIN."
HE WAS ASKED IF WEST BERLIN'S POSITION WOULD BE ANY DIFFERENT IF PREMIER NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV CARRIES OUT HIS THREAT OF A SEPARATE PEACE BETWEEN THE SOVIET UNION AND EAST GERMANY.
"I WOULD NOT BE TOO MUCH CONCERNED ABOUT SUCH A TREATY," HE SAID. "A SEPARATE TREATY CAN NEVER SOLVE THE PROBLEM. IT WOULD BE AGAINST NATURE IF THE RIGHT OF SELF-DETERMINATION IS DENIED THE GERMAN PEOPLE AS A WHOLE."
EARLIER BRANDT, WHO ARRIVED FROM WASHINGTON THIS MORNING, ATTENDED A RECEPTION IN THE CITY HALL OFFICE OF MAYOR RICHARD J. DALEY. BRANDT SAID HE WAS ESPECIALLY INTERESTED IN CHICAGO'S HOUSING AND ROADS, PROBLEMS WHICH HE SAID CONFRONT THE MAYORS OF ALL GREAT CITIES.
MAYOR DALEY SHOWED BRANDT A DISPLAY OF SHAMROCKS FLOWN FROM EIRE FOR ST. PATRICK'S DAY, WHICH IS FRIDAY. THE GERMAN MAYOR SAID THEY WERE THE FIRST HE EVER HAD SEEN.
ACCOMPANIED BY CITY OFFICIALS, BRANDT MADE A TOUR OF URBAN RENEWAL PROJECTS ON CHICAGO'S SOUTH SIDE. HE WAS GREETED BY SCHOOL YOUNGSTERS AT DUNBAR VOCATIONAL HIGH SCHOOL.
HE ALSO ATTENDED A FLOWER AND TROPICAL FISH SHOW AT MCCORMICK PLACE, THE CITY'S NEWEST EXPOSITION CENTER, WHERE HE TOLD A CROWD HE WAS BRINGING THE BEST WISHES OF THE PEOPLE OF BERLIN.
DURING A NEWS CONFERENCE, BRANDT WAS ASKED WHAT HE THINKS OF HIS CHANCES IN HIS BID FOR CHANCELLOR OF GERMANY IN THE SEPTEMBER ELECTIONS. HE REPLIED:
"I AM VERY OPTIMISTIC."
DURING A DINNER IN HIS HONOR, BRANDT CALLED FOR MORE FRIENSHIP AND COOPERATION BETWEEN GERMANY AND THE UNITED STATES WHICH HE TERMED "THE LEADING POWER OF THE FREE WORLD."
"WE HAVE TO STICK TOGETHER," HE SAID, "UNITE OUR COUNTRIES AND--LIKE WE HAVE IN BERLIN--WORK TOGETHER. MY COUNTRY--OTHER COUNTRIES--WILL HAVE TO CONTRIBUTE TO HELP PEOPLES IN OTHER PARTS OF THE WORLD."
DALEY PRESENTED THE LORD MAYOR WITH A BRONZE MEDALLION MAKING BRANDT AN HONORARY CITIZEN OF CHICAGO. THE BERLIN MAYOR REPLIED BY GIVING DALEY A REPLICA OF A BELL GIVEN BERLIN BY AMERICANS AFTER A COMMUNIST BLOCKADE OF THE CITY WAS LIFTED IN MAY, 1949.
BRANDT SAID THE BELL HAS BECOME ONE OF BERLINS TWO SYMBOLS. THE OTHER IS A BEAR.
THE GIFT TO DALEY WAS INSCRIBED: "THAT THIS WORLD UNDER GOD MAY HAVE A NEEW BIRTH OF FREEDOM."
THE INSCRIPTION, BRANDT EXPLAINED, WAS TAKEN FROM A STATEMENT BY ABRAHAM LINCOLN WITH THE WORD "NATION" CHANGED TO "WORLD."
BRANDT WAS SCHEDULED TO LEAVE FOR NEW YORK THURSDAY ARRIVING AT IDLEWILD AIRPORT AT 12:35 P.M. EST.

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(210)

GREENSBURG, PA., MARCH 15 (AP)-GEN. CARLOS P. ROMULO, PHILIPPINE AMBASSADOR TO THE UNITED STATES, WARNED TONIGHT THAT RUSSIA IS GAINING GROUND IN ASIA BECAUSE OF WHAT HE CALLED THE U.S. FAILURE TO PROJECT A TRUE PICTURE OF THE AMERICAN WAY OF LIFE.
"DAY AFTER DAY, SOVIET RUSSIA IS BUILDING AN IMAGE OF AMERICA AS A MERCENARY AND MATERIALISTIC COUNTRY TO THE ASIANS," ROMULO TOLD SOME 1,500 AT SETON HILL COLLEGE.
AMERICA MUST CHANGE THIS IMAGE IF IT HOPES TO GAIN THE FRIENDSHIP OF THE ASIANS, HE SAID. "AND TO SURVIVE IN THIS LIFE AND DEATH STRUGGLE WITH THE SOVIET UNION, YOU MUST HAVE FRIENDS AND ALLIES."
ROMULO NOTED THAT THE ASIATIC COUNTRIES DO NOT KNOW THAT AMERICANS ARE "A SPIRITUAL-MINDED PEOPLE--A PEOPLE WHO TAKE CARE OF THEIR HUMAN DISCARDS SUCH AS THE FEEBLE-MINDED, THE OLD AND THE CRIPPLED."
"YOU MUST MAKE EVERY EFFORT POSSIBLE TO SHOW THAT THE AMERICAN WAY OF LIFE RESPECTS THE DIGNITY OF THE HUMAN SOUL," HE SAID.
ROMULO, WHO ALSO SERVES AS PHILLIPINE AMBASSADOR TO CUBA AND BRAZIL, SAID THAT ASIA AT ONE TIME BELIEVED THE WEST WAS INVINCIBLE, BUT NOW THAT "BELIEF HAS VANISHED."
"NOW ASIA FEELS RUSSIA HAS OUTDISTANCED THE WEST," HE CONTINUED. "EVERY DAY, MOSCOW RADIO CALLS ATTENTION TO THE ACHIEVEMENTS OF RUSSIA AND THE LACK OF ACHIEVEMENT BY THE WEST. AMERICA IS PITTED AGAINST A FOE THAT IS UNSCRUPULOUS AND IMPLACABLE. THIS IS NO CHILDREN'S GAME. THE STAKES ARE HIGH."

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A127 (160)

BELGRADE, YUGOSLAVIA, MARCH 15 (AP)-THE SOVIET COMMUNIST PARTY WANTS EASTERN EUROPE'S COMMUNIST PARTIES TO CURB THE ANTI-RUSSIAN ACTIONS OF THE ALBANIAN COMMUNISTS, DIPLOMATIC SOURCES REPORTED TODAY.
THE SOVIET PARTY'S CENTRAL COMMITTEE IN A CIRCULAR LETTER HAS ASKED THE OTHER PARTIES TO STUDY THE BEHAVIOR OF THE PRO-CHINESE ALBANIANS, A FOREIGN DIPLOMATIC SOURCE SAID.
IT WAS LEARNED FROM USUALLY RELIABLE SOURCES IN SOFIA, CAPITAL OF COMMUNIST BULGARIA, THAT THE SOVIETS ARE NOT INCLINED TO ACCEPT BULGARIA'S OFFER TO MEDIATE ALBANIAN-SOVIET DIFFICULTIES.
THE SOVIET UNION IS PICTURED AS STRONGLY PREFERING THAT ALL COMMUNIST PARTIES ACT TO CURB ALBANIA.
IT REMAINS TO BE SEEN WHETHER THE SOVIETS WILL GO SO FAR AS TO EXCLUDE ALBANIA FROM THE SOVIET COMMUNIST CAMP, AS THEY DID YUGOSLAVIA IN 1948.
ALBANIA HAS CONSISTENTLY ADHERED TO RED CHINA'S TOUGH LINE IN COMMUNIST WORLD POLICIES AND HAS OPPOSED RUSSIA'S COEXISTENCE POLICY. RED CHINA HAS GIVEN ALBANIA ABUNDANT AID.
LAST WEEK ALBANIA ARRESTED TWO OF ITS FOREIGN MINISTRY OFFICIALS ON CHARGES THEY SPIED FOR THE SOVIET UNION. IT WAS THE FIRST TIME A SOVIET-BLOC COUNTRY HAD ARRESTED ITS OWN CITIZENS ON THAT CHARGE.

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A51 (AX FW)
(150)

TAIPEI, FORMOSA, MARCH 15 (AP)-CHIANG KAI-SHEK'S SPOKESMAN SAID TODAY THE KENNEDY ADMINISTRATION HAS GIVEN ASSURANCE IT DOES NOT SHARE MRS. FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT'S VIEW ON NATIONALIST CHINA'S POSITION IN THE UNITED NATIONS.
MRS. ROOSEVELT SAID IN A SPEECH LAST WEEK "THAT THE VOTE IN THE LAST SESSION OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY POINTED TO THE FACT THAT WE WOULD NOT BE ABLE MUCH LONGER TO KEEP UP THE FICTION THAT NATIONALIST CHINA REPRESENTS THE WHOLE OF CHINA."
MRS. ROOSEVELT IS A MEMBER OF THE U.S. DELEGATION TO THE UNITED NATIONS, AND HER REMARKS AROUSED ANGER ON THIS ISLAND, WHICH IS THE SEAT OF CHIANG'S NATIONALIST GOVERNMENT.
SHE LATER EXPLAINED THAT SHE WAS NOT TAKING A STAND BUT MERELY COMMENTING ON THE GENERAL FEELING IN THE UNITED NATIONS. SHE SAID ANYONE COULD COME TO THE SAME CONCLUSION "BY LOOKING AT THE VOTE."
JAMES C.H. SHEN, INFORMATION DIRECTOR FOR THE NATIONALIST FOREIGN MINISTER, SAID THE STATE DEPARTMENT HAD TOLD THE CHINESE EMBASSY IN WASHINGTON IN RESPONSE TO AN INQUIRY:
"MRS. ROOSEVELT'S STATEMENT IS NO WAY REPRESENTS THE VIEW OF THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT."

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UNITED NATIONS, N. Y., MARCH 15 (AP)-CLAYTON FRITCHEY, ADLAI E. STEVENSON'S PRESS SECRETARY DURING THE 1956 PRESIDENTIAL CAMPAIGN, TODAY WAS NAMED SPECIAL ASSISTANT TO STEVENSON, NOW CHIEF U. S. DELEGATE TO THE UNITED NATIONS.

FRITCHEY WILL SERVE AS STEVENSON'S PERSONAL AIDE. FRANCIS W. CARPENTER WILL CONTINUE AS DIRECTOR OF NEWS SERVICES FOR THE U. S. DELEGATION.

FRITCHEY HAS A LONG BACKGROUND OF NEWSPAPER AND GOVERNMENTAL EXPERIENCE. HE IS A FORMER EDITOR OF THE NEW ORLEANS (LA.) ITEM AND FORMER MANAGING EDITOR OF THE BALTIMORE (MD.) POST. HE ALSO SERVED AS DIRECTOR OF THE DEFENSE DEPARTMENT'S OFFICE OF PUBLIC INFORMATION AND LATER AS ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANT TO PRESIDENT TRUMAN.

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End March 15, 1961